

MONTEREY COUNTY LABOR NEWS

VOL. X—No. 13

SALINAS, CALIFORNIA, TUESDAY NOVEMBER 25, 1947

WHOLE No. 477

Laborers Busy Near Salinas; Work Plentiful

J. B. McGinley, business manager of Laborers Union 272 of Salinas, reported last week that work for members of this union is continuing to be unusually good for this season of the year, with a small unemployment reported.

At King City, he said, sewer and water main installations are being started at the Fair Grounds, which is being enlarged. Digging is underway.

Vince Moore, contractor, is nearly finished with the big lumber yard under construction in the Salinas industrial area.

The highway job north of Salinas is in its final two weeks with the digging of post holes almost completed and the "cleanup" of the job well underway.

Erection of steel on the Sears store job is about to start, McGinley concluded in his summary of projects in the area.

TWO LABORERS ESCAPE DEATH AS DITCH CAVES

Trapped in sandy earth as the ditch in which they were working collapsed, two members of Salinas Laborers Union 272 escaped death by suffocation due to quick action of co-workers who dug them out.

The two, Ray Pratt and Tenolia Parish, were only bruised as result of the fall, although extensive X-ray examinations were given to determine if any internal injuries resulted, Business Manager J. B. McGinley of the union reported.

The laborers were working in a ditch on South Main St. near Romie Lane, a sewer project, when the side-walls collapsed supposedly because of the vibration of passing trucks.

Both men managed to clear the sand from their heads so they might breathe and then waited until fellow workers helped them escape from their sandy prison, McGinley said.

New King City Business Agent Shows Ability

Salinas building trades union officials are reported as impressed with the new business representative of King City Carpenters Union 1279, who has been initiated to his new duties in the area.

Business Representative J. Hill of the south county city met with Carl Lara, business agent of electricians and painters, and George Harter, business agent of carpenters in Salinas, and a discussion of organizational efforts in the southern portion of the county was held.

Harter says Hill is co-operating closely with the Salinas union officials. More visits will be made to King City, Soledad and Gonzales by union officials of Salinas to unionize the district.

One of the chief bones of contention in the unionizing drive is Contractor Homer Ripley, former business agent of Carpenters 1279, who is operating non-union at present, it was reported.

MORE FISH TRUCKED IN

Several more loads of mackerel and sardines were trucked into Monterey fish canneries from southern ports last week, keeping the canneries busy on the pack. Only a few plants, however, are able to receive fish by this method and others, with no fish being caught from Monterey's port, are generally idle.

Most of the trucked-in fish went to San Xavier, Sun Harbor, Edgewater, Aeneas and Enterprise canneries last week, and most of the pack was at night.

Meanwhile, the theory was advanced that reason for the absence of sardines from the Monterey waters is the use of depth charges in and near the bay during the war by the nation's fighting forces.

Telephone Co. Starts Building

Construction of a new building for the telephone company has been started on Franklin St. in Monterey, reports S. M. Thomas, business agent for Monterey Laborers 690.

Excavation for the building is under way and many laborers have been called to the job, said Thomas.

Backers of 3rd Party Declare Response Good

SAN FRANCISCO—The drive to place the Independent Progressive party of California on the ballot next year has been so successful thus far that the new organization has already leased the largest hall in Sacramento for its state convention August 7, 1948, it was announced here.

This convention, the party promised, will reverse the policy often used by present major parties and will decide all major issues in the open, not behind closed doors.

The organizing committee for the new party has already secured 60,000 of the 275,970 signatures needed to put the party on the ballot in 1948. The drive has been under way since October 1 and must be completed by early February.

A pamphlet entitled "Of the People," declares:

"Only in California must a new party obtain 275,970 signatures to qualify," she said. "Laws in comparable major states such as Pennsylvania and Illinois require only 25,000 signatures, while Michigan requires only 12,000."

Further legislative restrictions require a new party to qualify before the state primaries and national nominating conventions are held, it was pointed out.

ALTERNATIVE WEAPON
The new party, the pamphlet declared, would support progressive candidates of major parties, but would nominate its own candidates where the major parties fail to select progressives.

"So far as the Presidency is concerned," it said, "the new party will be interested in one key point: That the people of California have a choice between a progressive and a reactionary candidate. How that choice can be guaranteed remains to be seen."

Voters supporting the position of Henry Wallace, however, "must not be denied a political expression in 1948," the Progressive party declared.

Slide Rule Classes Set at Salinas

Both journeymen and apprentices may enroll in the slide rule class to be taught at the Salinas Evening School beginning December 1.

Evert Lindquist, who teaches this subject in the day high school and who has also taught the course for several years at the evening school, says that he will use films and film strips this season. Films to be used are produced by the same company that provided visual aids for the armed forces.

The class is free and is of especial value to everyone in trades and industries who have estimating to do or who handle large quantities of figures.

It will meet twice a week for six weeks on Mondays and Wednesdays in Room 18 of the high school building, but with a week or so between sessions during the Christmas holidays.

Mine Workers Help Organize Teachers

LOUISVILLE—The active support and assistance of the United Mine Workers (AFL) has helped the Kentucky Federation of Teachers (AFL) organize locals in the mining country in southeastern Kentucky, according to President Patrick Kirwan of the Teachers' Union.

Prior to the organization of a local in Letcher County, Secretary George Lundy of the UMW local promised the teachers the wholehearted backing of the miners and their support in the campaign to raise wages and teaching standards in the county. Lundy, who is also president of the local Parent-Teachers Association, guaranteed that the UMW would permit no intimidation of the teachers from any source in their efforts to expand their organization.

Machinists Pick 5 Delegates to Salinas Council

Five delegates have been elected by Salinas Machinists and Mechanics Union 1824 to attend the Salinas Central Labor Council, with which this union is now affiliated.

Named were Business Representative A. B. Woodward, G. K. Gunn, Jim Wilkin, H. E. Paden and Antone Nunes.

Congress Balks

In special session Congress sits with prospects that little or nothing will be done to relieve the pressing needs of today. The real reason for this attitude of Congress is that the majority of its members are simply no good for the masses of the American people as they have amply demonstrated themselves to be subservient tools of big business.

During the first session of this Congress its leading members worked for little else than legislation to help the rich get richer at the expense of the masses of our people. Their chief achievement was the passage of anti-labor legislation, intended to wreck the unions and undermine present wage standards. They completed the destruction of price controls leaving living costs to soar as high as the manipulators see fit to force them up. The only tax reduction they twice tried to put over was one that amounted to thousands of dollars saved for the big profiteers and only a few pennies a month for people with ordinary income. The inevitable result of such a law would be to shift some more of the staggering load of our national debt from the shoulders of the people of only moderate means. Instead of reducing our national debt this Congress has shown ready willingness to increase it to pour loans into Europe and China, which nobody expects ever will be repaid. At the same time they have crippled some of our most useful government operations by reducing previous appropriations.

President Truman in his message of last Monday pointed out a number of actions badly needed right now. But who expects such a good for nothing Congress as we have now to do anything worth while about it? If it feathers the nests of the profiteers, or lowers the standards of living for our common people, or wrecks labor unions and cooperatives, this Congress likely will be for it. Instead of having a special session to demonstrate these tendencies which we really need is to get good and ready to give Congress a thorough house cleaning at the coming primary elections, which will be here before you know it.

President Truman in his message of last Monday pointed out a number of actions badly needed right now. But who expects such a good for nothing Congress as we have now to do anything worth while about it?

If it feathers the nests of the profiteers, or lowers the standards of living for our common people, or wrecks labor unions and cooperatives, this Congress likely will be for it. Instead of having a special session to demonstrate these tendencies which we really need is to get good and ready to give Congress a thorough house cleaning at the coming primary elections, which will be here before you know it.

Tip From Jap Tycoon on How To Lick Labor

TOKYO—A tip to the Natl. Assn. of Manufacturers from Japan's big businessmen is offered in a manual on how to break strikes: "It is recommended that labor-management councils be exploited to the greatest extent possible. In time of dispute, management can gain time through the council's and thus dispirit the workers. If prolonged negotiations are hoped for, bring a large quantity of cigars..." The manual, published by the Gifu Managerial Assn., is being used by the Electrical Workers Union to educate its workers on management tactics.

Chinese Cabbies Pull Sit-Down on "Flats"

SHANGHAI—Several hundred striking taxi drivers here have made it impossible for cabs to drive their vehicles. The strikers "sat down" in the cabs, first taking precaution of deflating tires.

Bucks T-H Law



After listening to California State Federation of Labor President John F. Shelley urge a state \$2 levy on all members to fight anti-labor congressmen and to endeavor to secure a reapportionment of the State Senate on the basis of population, 200 delegates voted approval. This is the first statewide defiance of the Taft-Hartley law's provision barring assessments on unionists for political purposes.

BUTCHERS GET 40-HOUR WEEK IN NEW PACT

Effective on Monday of this week, butchers of San Jose Local 506 were on a five-day work week with wage adjustments and improved working conditions, reports Secretary Earl A. Moorhead of the union.

The new work week provision applies to Salinas, Monterey, Watsonville and San Benito county areas under jurisdiction of Local 506. In Santa Cruz city and vicinity the butchers voted to continue their 48-hour week, Moorhead said. Wages for the 40-hour, 5-day week will be \$73 for journeymen, \$78 for head meat cutters, as compared with the former wage for 48 hours of \$79.20 and \$85. Where butchers work 48-hour week now they will receive \$94.02 and \$101.37.

Meat markets will remain open six days a week, but provision is made whereby employers may relieve regular butchers one day each week or may work the regular butchers all six days, at scales above.

Relief butchers will receive the base rate if they work a five-day week for the same employer in order to give regular butchers a day off. Relief butchers who receive for several various employers will receive a higher scale as "extra men."

In Santa Cruz the butchers will get \$85 for their 48-hour week, \$90 for head meat cutters.

Negotiations were between the union and the Central Coast Counties Council of Retail Food Dealers, with both sides assisted by special representatives.

Carpenters May Seek Separate Permanente Pact

Carpenters Union 925 of Salinas is "not too happy" about the 12.5 cent wage increase offered maintenance carpenters at the Natividad and Moss Landing plants of the Permanente Metals Corp. under the area agreement negotiated in San Jose two weeks ago, and a separate contract covering carpenters in these two plants may be sought, Business Manager George R. Harter of the union reports.

Harter attended early negotiations meetings and then declined to attend further meetings where the small increase was discussed. He reported about the negotiations to his union last week with the result that the union considered advisability of seeking a separate Monterey County agreement with the cement firm.

Maintenance carpenters now get \$16.25 per hour and would get \$17.50 under the offered wage increase. Construction scale for carpenters here now is \$2.00, with prospects of an increase in a few months. Construction carpenters are getting almost steady employment in Salinas area.

Harter pointed out that at one time the differential between the carpenter maintenance scale and the construction scale was only 4 1/2 cents this several years ago. Since that time the construction scale has increased steadily ahead of the maintenance rate.

New Secretary Appointed for Cleaners Union

Edna Sloan was named last week to fill the office of secretary of Dry Cleaners Union 258B of Salinas, succeeding Violet Mannix, who resigned the secretary post.

Business Agent John W. Deer said that Miss Mannix was leaving Salinas. Secretary Sloan will serve until next elections.

Local 258B will hold a "pot luck" supper at 7:30 p.m., Saturday, December 6, at Salinas Carpenters Hall, Deer added.

Three new members were initiated into the union at last week's meeting, Deer said.

Attention All Members Of Teamsters 890

In the future all regular meetings of Teamsters 890 will be held the first Thursday of the month at Carpenters Hall, 422 North Main St., Salinas, Calif.

We ask that you attend all future meetings of this local union; only members in good standing will be admitted. Bring your paid-up dues book with you.

BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTIVE BOARD

WHEN IS SCAB NOT A SCAB?

The following was taken from a Petaluma newspaper (October 27, 1947) and was issued by the California State Council of Retail Clerks. We reprint it for benefit of our members:

PETALUMA—The rights of labor under the Taft-Hartley Act were explained with chalk and blackboard frankness by an NLRB examiner at a hearing on employer charges in a strike against the Sunset Line & Twine Co. here. Examination of Business Agent Ira Vail of Local 6, Intl. Longshoremen's Union, went like this:

EXAMINER: The company reported that two of your people spread tacks on the street to cause punctures on the cars driving through the picket lines. Who are these people?

VAIL: Our people did not spread tacks on the highway—many of our people travel that road and we don't want to hurt our own brothers and sisters. But why do you ask?

EXAMINER: If the company can prove you are guilty it would bear out their contention that you are intimidating the strikebreakers—and on those grounds the NLRB could have an injunction issued against picketing under the Taft-Hartley law.

VAIL: Our people are trying to pick up the tacks—not spread them.

EXAMINER: Did or did not one of the girls on the picket line open the door of a car carrying a strikebreaker?

VAIL: Why, yes, I believe she did. Why?

EXAMINER: On these grounds, under the Taft-Hartley Act, the company claims you are using force against the strikebreaker. Did anybody use profanity on your side?

VAIL: The scab had been using vulgarity toward our girls every day. He shouts vile language at them.

EXAMINER: That hasn't anything to do with it.

VAIL: You mean that under the Taft-Hartley Act, even if a scab curses at you, you are not allowed to answer?

EXAMINER: Under the Taft-Hartley Act, if you swear at them for any reason you are using intimidation. The law does not concern itself with the conduct of anyone TOWARD the picket line.

VAIL: It so happened our people did not use profanity. What happened was that our girl told the scab, "Will you please be more careful of your language?" I suppose we can't even call them scabs?

EXAMINER: I believe there was a judicial decision recently which allows pickets to use the word "scab"—but we're not sure how the usage of the word "scab" is interpreted under the Taft-Hartley Act.

VAIL: How about the scabs throwing things at our people from the windows?

EXAMINER: The Taft-Hartley law is concerned only with the conduct of the pickets toward the people inside.

VAIL: What protection have we got?

EXAMINER: Under the Taft-Hartley law?

VAIL: Pardon me, I shouldn't have asked.

Jack Long May Resign as Head Of Box Makers

Jack Long, president of Box Makers Union 3034 of Salinas, announced last week that he will resign this post as he will be working out of the Salinas area, Business Representative Jim Sims of the union stated.

Long's resignation will be before the membership meeting of Thursday, December 4, and if accepted, a successor will be named at this meeting.

Many members of Local 3034 are traveling to the Imperial Valley area with the Salinas season about to end, Sims said.

A meeting of the local will be held in Watsonville on Tuesday of this week, he added.

Culinary 467 Signs Three Local Houses

Three more restaurants in the jurisdiction of Culinary Alliance 467 of Salinas have signed union agreements, reports Secretary Bertha Boles of the union.

Lee Ann's, seven miles south of Salinas on Highway 101; Our Place Cafe, 230 North Main St., Salinas; and the Rock Haven, 15 miles north of Salinas on Highway 101, have signed contracts, she said.

YELLOW AND CHECKER CABS 100% UNION

Yellow and Checker Cabs, operating in the Salinas area, are now 100 percent union, it was announced this week by Bro. Al Harris, president Teamsters and Warehousemen's Local 890.

The cab firm, operated by Fred Emley, has signed a union agreement with Local 890, under which it conforms with all of the wage, hour, and working conditions of the union and is therefore entitled to the full patronage of organized labor.

"All members of organized labor in the Salinas area are urged to patronize Yellow and Checker cabs and thereby gain the satisfaction of knowing they are patronizing a firm that is supporting the AFL program for decent working and living conditions in the community," Bro. Harris said.

SALINAS LABOR COUNCIL COLUMN

The Central Labor Council at Salinas wishes to inform all local unions to pay strict attention to the following notice:

Have all business representatives or secretaries contact all members to check and make sure that all members are registered as voters. When members pay dues, have them show proof that they are registered to vote.

Certificates showing the name of the registered voter, the county clerk and the registrar who enrolled the voter are available and should be given to each union member. These certificates are small cards, which can be carried in a wallet.

Places open daily where people may register as voters include: County clerk's office in the county Court House on West Allist St., in Salinas.

Carpenters Union Hall, 422 North Main St., Salinas.

Labor Temple, 117 Pajaro St., Salinas.

Teamsters Union office, Main and John Sts. in Salinas.

Most real estate offices in the Salinas area.

Most union constitutions and by-laws provide that all members of the union, to be in good standing, must be registered to vote.

Please act now to make sure that ALL union members are registered.

Pete Balestra To Retire As Bartender B. A.

Peter C. Balestra, secretary and business agent of Bartenders Union 545 of Salinas for the past years, will retire from this post in January when new officers assume their posts.

Balestra declined to accept nomination at the two nomination meetings of the union. Al Clark and Marcus Barnes were nominated for the position and election for all officers will be Monday, Dec. 1, it was reported.

On the ballot for the election will be:

For president—William Harrison (unopposed).

For vice president—Virgil Knight (unopposed).

For secretary-business agent—Al Clark and Marcus Barnes.

Other contests are slated for the executive board, trustees and union chaplain.

Monterey J. C. Building Starts

Moving of buildings from Camp McQuaide near Watsonville to the new Monterey Junior College site on Fremont Ave. was started last week by Harold Geyer, building contractor.

Geyer has had crews of union workmen preparing the ground and foundations for the buildings, which formerly were barracks at the Army encampment.

In politics it is perfectly possible to get something for nothing. We got the Taft-Hartley Act for not voting.—LABOR LEADER

PUBLISHERS OF 15 STATES ATTACKING PRINTERS' UNION

WASHINGTON—A grand offensive to restore the open shop in the printing trade has been launched from the Taft-Hartley act's convenient springboard by the Southern Newspaper Publishers Assn. against the Intl. Typographical Union (AFL) and 124 of its local unions in 15 southern states.

In the most sweeping attack made against organized labor since the passage of the slave-labor law, the SNPA said it acted "with great reluctance" because of the way its newspaper members cherished and respected the "excellent relationship that has existed" between them and the ITU "for nearly a century."

Secretary-Manager Walter C. Johnson of the SNPA retained Atty. Thurman Arnold's law firm of Arnold, Fortas & Porter to represent his 194 members in the case filed with the NLRB's regional office at Cincinnati.

SEEK INJUNCTIONS

The SNPA brief charges the ITU and its locals in the south with five specific violations of the Taft-Hartley act and asks the NLRB to go into U.S. District Court for an injunction to force the union to cease the alleged unfair labor practices, permit the hiring of non-union printers and enter into contracts that violate ITU laws.

In the SNPA brief prepared by former trust-buster Arnold, it is charged that the ITU national administration is dominating the local unions, threatening economic reprisals on publishers who refuse its terms and making things so tough that "no single publisher can safely fight the ITU or, indeed, seek relief from the NLRB."

CHARGE COERCION

The publishers explained they had to fight together in order to relieve them "from present union coercion designed to prevent them from obeying state and national laws. Congress has spoken against the closed shop. Seven of the states in which members of this association operate have also forbidden the closed shop. In the face of these laws the ITU... is forcing the closed shop on the printing trade."

Specifically, the SNPA charges the ITU with:

1. Refusal to bargain. It claims the ITU is operating a "sham contract" policy that makes a refusal to bargain charge difficult to prove, but that a 60-day termination clause and refusal to consider negotiating on ITU laws was "designed in bad faith to insure rejection by employers." This, it claims, violates Section 8 (b) (3) of the act, and is an unfair labor practice.

2. The closed shop. The publishers charge that the tradition of union foremen doing the hiring and firing maintains the closed shop, and that a shortage of printers means no paper "can afford a strike of prolonged duration." This, it claims, violates Section 8 (b) (2) of the act.

3. Jurisdictional strikes and secondary boycotts. Here the SNPA says ITU members have engaged in strikes to force publishers to give them any composition work they choose rather than to members of any other union or craft. It charges this violates Section 8 (b) (4) and (D) of the act.

4. Illegal denial of individual freedom to employees and of freedom of employers to select representatives. The SNPA says the ITU threatens expulsion of members who violate its rules; restrains and coerces non-union printers, and prohibits publishers from retaining anyone but ITU members as foremen. This it claims violates Section 8 (b) (1) of the act.

5. Make work and featherbedding. Here the SNPA alleges the union requires "payment for services not performed" (in being paid for the use of mats and boiler plate) and that it violates Section 8 (b) (6) of the act.

The newspapers represented constitute 90 per cent of all daily papers in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, North and South Carolina, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and West Virginia. A total of 87 contracts have already expired and the remainder run out in 1948 and 1949.

Nicaragua Takes Up Fascist Labor Stand

MANAGUA—Incensed by the government's anti-labor campaign, state and municipal employees have voted to affiliate for the first time to the Nicaraguan Federation of Labor. New bills proposed by the government would deprive government employees of civil rights.

Mrs. FDR on Loyalty

"The more I think about one clause in the President's executive (loyalty) order, the more troubled I am. Under this clause I am afraid it would be possible to declare subversive many organizations that are simply in opposition to the thinking of certain powerful groups."

—ELEANOR ROOSEVELT.

CHICAGO HAS PROGRAM TO HALT BEEFS

CHICAGO—A 7-point program designed to adjust jurisdictional disputes and settle strikes is now being distributed to members of the Chicago Federation of Labor and employer groups.

The program, prepared by the CFL and entitled A Program for Industrial Peace consists of the following points:

1. The president and secretary of the CFL will be permanent members of an advisory committee on jurisdictional issues. In every case, one additional member shall be selected by the contesting unions. This group shall select one impartial member.

2. CFL officers shall answer any request for the committee's services or may tender the committee's services on their own initiative. The committee report shall be issued for guidance to all affiliated unions.

3. Refusal of an affiliated union to cooperate in forming a committee shall be reported to the CFL executive board.

4. Strikes and work stoppages as a means of enforcing jurisdictional demands shall be avoided.

5. It is the intent of the CFL to eliminate as far as possible all work stoppages that can be adjusted at the conference table.

6. Every affiliated union contemplating a strike shall give the CFL an opportunity to attempt to have the parties reach a settlement.

7. The CFL invites cooperation of all employer organizations in carrying out the program.

New Setup Will Take Place of USO Camps

HOLLYWOOD—A permanent committee for providing entertainment for the sick and wounded in veterans' hospitals has been set up by the Hollywood Coordinating Committee, to replace the defunct USO-Camp Shows. The Hollywood film and radio guilds and unions are sponsoring the new organization, along with the producers' and broadcasters' associations.

HONOR BRIGHT!



Have YOU registered to vote, or are you one of those who keep "putting it off" until it's past the deadline and you find you can't vote on election day? Remember, the vote of every unionist will be needed in the coming elections to elect Labor's friends and defeat Labor's enemies. Every good union man or woman refuses to "rat" in the polling place—he REGISTERS and VOTES. Don't put it off any longer—DO IT TODAY!

MONTEREY COUNTY LABOR NEWS

A CALIFORNIA LABOR PRESS PUBLICATION

Office at Labor Temple, 117 Pejaro Street, Salinas, California
Entered as Second Class Matter February 20, at the Postoffice at Salinas, California, Under the Act of March 3, 1879.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

Official Organ of the Central Labor Union of Monterey County, Salinas, Calif.
Monterey Peninsula Central Labor Council, Monterey, California.
Monterey County Building Trades Council, Monterey, Calif.

PRESS COMMITTEE AT SALINAS

A. A. Harris, Teamsters

J. L. Parsons, Barbers

R. Fenchel, Laborers

PRESS COMMITTEE AT MONTEREY

Wayne Edwards, Representing Central Labor Council
Dale Ward, Representing Building Council.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Year \$2.50
Six Months 1.50
Single Copies .05

Special rates to members of organized labor subscribing in a lobby through their unions.

ADVERTISING RATES ON APPLICATION

Address all communications to the LABOR NEWS,
Post Office Box 1410, Salinas, California.All copy must be in not later than Tuesday noon, preceding date of publication.
The editorial policy of this paper is not reflected in any way by the advertisements or signed communications printed herein.

Were it not for the labor press, the labor movement would not be what it is today, and any man who tries to injure a labor paper is a traitor to the cause.—Samuel Gompers.



PEACE—IT'S WONDERFUL!

Bob Travis, foreign correspondent for Allied Labor News, has just toured the American zone in Germany. He says: "The German people, all high-pressure propaganda in the U. S. notwithstanding, are about the best dressed and healthiest looking in Europe." He adds:

"One German girl bank clerk from Weinheim, near Heidelberg, told me coolly: Yes, she ate very well throughout the year; the food situation is bad now for the first time but you can get more with influence; yes, it's harder now without slave labor at home to do the washing, scrubbing, cooking, mending, gardening; well, at least she had enough nice sport and dress clothes for the winter. She was the girl who said casually that the highway along which we were riding had been built by slave laborers, working 10 to 12 hours a day, and that thousands of them had died from mistreatment and malnutrition and were buried right in the cement roadbed under our wheels.

"One Munich anti-fascist who had survived 12 years of concentration camps remarked bitterly: 'Just visit an average German home. You'll find a rug from Serbia, curtains from Poland, china from Holland, wines from France. For six years the rest of Europe was starved and robbed for them.'

Commenting on the displaced persons situation, about which there has been so much controversy in the United Nations, Travis reports:

"There are more than 400,000 non-Jewish displaced persons in the American zone who are being fed (better than any Europeans outside Germany), clothed and housed by American taxpayers. Most are fascists who don't dare return to their homelands for fear of being prosecuted as collaborators and murderers. One American sergeant of the Stuttgart constabulary told me: 'Most of the guys in these camps, except the Jews, of course, were pro-Nazi. They won't work. They just play the black market with the stuff we give them. All they talk about is when the Americans will give them guns so they can go home and overthrow their governments or else they just concentrate on talking up another war, this time between Russia and the States.'

"Peace in our time?"

HUMAN COST OF WAR

The Encyclopedia Britannica has released to the press part of an article written for it by Secretary of State George C. Marshall (former chief of staff) on casualties in the late war. He says belligerents on both sides lost more than 15 million. Among the main belligerents on the Allied side, losses ran, in proportion to population of the country, as follows:

United States—1 in every 500 (295,904).
France—1 in every 200 (200,000).
China—1 in every 200 (2,200,000).
United Kingdom (England)—1 in every 150 (305,770).

Soviet Union—1 in every 22 (7,500,000).
In other words, to win World War II, the Russians sustained human losses nearly six times greater than England; nearly 10 times greater than France or China; and nearly 25 times greater than the United States.

The Russian losses, to put it in another way, were considerably over twice those of the United States, France, China and England put together.

In addition, the Russians suffered losses on their own territory from looting and destruction by the Axis enemy estimated in the neighborhood of over \$150 billion. The United States suffered none.

Maybe this partly explains Russian "stubbornness" at Lake Success.

A NOTE OF SANITY

If we made this statement, we would probably be called "subversive" and both the Thomas and Tenney committees would be on our trail. But it was made in the report of the President's Committee on Civil Rights—a representative group of 15 Americans headed by that conservative capitalist, Charles E. Wilson, president of General Electric. Anyway, we suggest that the witch-hunters clip this out and paste it on their shaving mirrors:

"The United States is not so strong, the final triumph of the democratic ideal is not so inevitable, that we can ignore what the world thinks of our record. Public excitement about 'Communists' has gone far beyond the dictates of good judgment and calmness. A state of hysteria now threatens to inhibit the freedom of genuine democrats."

HOLLYWOOD AND POLAND

Poland, we have been told for some time, is behind the iron curtain and is Moscow's jumping-jack. "Poland of Today," official English publication of the Polish Embassy in Washington, reports in the current issue that 150 foreign motion pictures will be shown in theatres in Poland during the winter season. Of the 150 pictures, 60 are American, 40 are Soviet, 20 are English, a half-dozen are French, a few are Italian, and there will also be two or three each from Sweden and Czechoslovakia. Of the 150, over two-thirds are from "western" nations. The iron curtain must have a lot of gaping holes in it!

DI GIORGIO OPERATIONS CLOSE DOWN

(Release from State Fed. of Labor)

SAN FRANCISCO—Following the repatriation of the Mexican nationals, practically all operations at the Di Giorgio Ranch have closed down. The packing shed has ceased operations, and since it will be impossible to ship the remainder of the grapes on the vine, they will have to be crushed for wine. Pruning is about to start, ranch will need 1,000 men, many of whom must be fairly skilled.

The union anticipates that a concerted effort will be made on the part of the management to enroll strikebreakers. Numerous rumors have been afloat that efforts were being made to recruit Japanese, Mexicans and Filipinos. The National Farm Labor Union is alert to all possible developments and has made every effort to contact the various groups to keep them informed as to strike conditions on the Di Giorgio Ranch. Twenty thousand leaflets have been distributed by the union in the surrounding towns, as well as in sections where labor is to be recruited, informing them of management plans.

ADVERTISE ON RADIO

The company has already released over the radio, in Spanish, the need for workers at 80 cents an hour, with living quarters furnished. No mention was made of strike conditions.

The threatened eviction of the strikers is being handled by Federation Attorney Scully, who spent several days with the strikers in review of all legal matters involved.

A number of workers were sent into the territory as strikebreakers by the Department of Agriculture's Farm Labor Division, but were turned back by the pickets. Some of the workers had a map showing how to reach the ranch. This matter is being taken up with the Agriculture Department, which is being reminded that it is a violation of Section 973 of the California Labor Code to send workers to a job where a strike is involved without informing the workers of this condition.

SEND IN DONATIONS!

A break in the strike will undoubtedly develop if the reports are true that the company will make a determined drive to recruit strikebreakers to take care of the pruning. The union is taking every step to meet this situation.

The Federation again wishes to remind the affiliated organizations of the need to give financial assistance to the strikers. Send contributions to the Di Giorgio Strike & Relief Fund, c/o Kern County Central Labor Union, Box 773, Bakersfield, California.

Hard Knocks

Elmo Roper, commenting in the New York Herald Tribune on the Fortune Magazine "Consumer Outlook" poll, said the public was asked this key question:

Compared with six months ago, are you finding it harder, easier, or about the same to make both ends meet?

The answers:

Harder	Total %
Harder	57.7
Easier	5.6
Same	32.9
Express no opinion	3.8

WOMEN IN FRESNO TO ORGANIZE

(Release from State Fed. of Labor)

SAN FRANCISCO—Pioneering a very important and much-needed movement, the women relatives of trade unionists in Fresno have organized the Women's Council of Fresno to enhance the prestige of the local labor movement, and to encourage the development of religious freedom, racial equality, free speech and freedom of the press. The Council lists as one of its objectives to support every move and measure that will contribute to the welfare of the community as a whole.

A banquet held Saturday evening, November 8, at the Fresno Hotel, was addressed by Secretary Haggerty and President John F. Shelley who commended the founders of the movement for this important undertaking.

Officers of the organization are the following: Mrs. Wallace Henderson, President; Mrs. Bill O'Rear, Vice-President; Mrs. Clem Fuller, Secretary-Treasurer.

The aim of the Women's Council of Fresno is to spark the formation of a statewide organization. Certainly, this group should not only set an example for the entire state, but for other states as well. The Federation wishes to express its heartiest congratulations to the Council for this auspicious beginning.

THE MARCH OF LABOR



EFFORT TO STOP SECONDARY BOYCOTTS RUNS INTO SNAG—DIST. COURT RULING CITED

(Release from State Federation of Labor)

SAN FRANCISCO—That there will be no rubber stamps for the General Counsel of the National Labor Relations Board in stopping action against secondary boycotts which he believes to violate the Taft-Hartley Act, was evidenced in a decision issued by the Federal District Court for the eastern district of Tennessee.

In denying the Labor Board's General Counsel an injunction against a secondary boycott, the Court differed on several points with the General Counsel, who argued that a strike-boycott, although beginning before the Act became effective as to unfair labor practices, was in violation because it continued beyond that date. The Court held that there was no violation, first, because the law was not effective when the strike began, and second, since the workers were no longer employees after they ceased work, there was no strike.

This was the first secondary boycott suit litigated by the National Labor Relations Board under the Taft-Hartley Act.

RULING OF BOARD

The Board's representative, under instructions from the General Counsel, contended before the Court that the order bringing the union men off the job amounted to a strike, and continued as an abiding situation after the Act became effective. The Court rejected this contention and held the facts of the case "do not come within the provisions of the Act because all the conduct upon which these facts are based occurred prior to the effective date of the Act."

This decision illustrates that, although the Taft-Hartley Act makes it mandatory upon the Board's General Counsel—after his determination that there is a reasonable "cause" existing to believe that a charge against a union is "true"—to seek an injunction from a district court, the Act does not make it mandatory upon the Court to grant the injunction. The law does not require the Court to issue any restraining order or injunction at all, and it gives additional discretion to the Court to issue such orders as the Court itself may "deem just and proper."

Secondly, the District Court is not bound by the findings of the Board's General Counsel or his interpretation of the law. Thus, in the case under discussion, the General Counsel contended that the "strike" was an unfair labor practice, but the Court held that it was not. Conversely, however, the Board, in making its determination

as to whether specified conduct constitutes unfair labor practice, is not bound by the holding of a district court in an injunction case. Only the Federal Circuit Courts of Appeal and the Supreme Court have appellate jurisdiction to reverse the Board.

DISTRICT COURT RULING

The District Court in this case summed up the situation as follows: "The only jurisdiction of this Court is for injunctive relief, pending the hearing and decision by the Board. The determination of any of the issues by this Court are, therefore, of small significance as concerns the ultimate adjustment of the controversy."

Failure of the Board's Counsel to secure an injunction in this particular case should not be considered as any long-run significance, since the issue upon which the decision actually turned—the conduct complained of having occurred prior to the effective date of the Taft-Hartley amendments—may not be expected to arise very often again.

In a situation arising out of the Northern California lumber strike, the National Labor Relations Board stated its belief that the evidence involving a mill company in the town of Orick, in Humboldt County, which had filed a complaint claiming that the picket line established against its handling of unfair logs was in violation of the Taft-Hartley Act, did not warrant a complaint to the Federal Court.

This mill company had been handling unfair logs for a long time and had stubbornly refused to sign any agreement with the Lumber and Sawmill Workers Union. After protesting this attitude, the Union and the Labor Council finally installed a picket line for the purpose of publicizing the dispute and inducing the mill to sign a union contract. When the NLRB intimated that court action would be taken for an injunction, the Union, through Federation attorney Clarence Todd, took firm ground by maintaining that the picket line was not in violation of the Act, and was, moreover, protected by the Bill of Rights of the United States Constitution. The outcome of this situation is both gratifying and encouraging.

WHO ARE THE AMERICANS?

Here are a few quotations from distinguished people about the tactics of the House Committee on Un-American Activities:

WENDELL WILLKIE: "The investigation and harassment of free expression in the United States is a procedure, once accepted, that may be applied to the theatre, press, radio and finally to the right of public officials and private citizens to speak freely. As American citizens we protest this as vigorously as possible."

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT: "I am disturbed... because a congressional committee charged with the responsibility of investigating un-American activities should have permitted itself to be used in a flagrantly unfair and un-American attempt..."

SENATOR CLAUDE PEPPER: "I am an American and it's none of your business what I say, what I think, what I believe and what I write."

SENATOR GLENN H. TAYLOR: "... a fascist-minded body whose activities are parallel with those of pre-war leaders in fascist Germany, Italy and Japan."

FORMER VICE-PRESIDENT HENRY A. WALLACE: "From here where Elijah fought the prophets of Babel and close to the Mount of Jesus' famous sermon, people without fear ask, 'has America really gone crazy? Is the Un-American Committee evidence that America is traveling the road to fascism? On behalf of millions everywhere you must answer NO so loudly the people of the world can hear. You must destroy the Un-American Committee at the polls and in the courts or it will destroy many of the foundations of democracy and Christianity.' (In cable from Palestine.)"

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT (in 1945 decision): "If there is any fixed star in our constitutional constellation, it is that no official, high or petty, can prescribe what shall be orthodox in politics, nationalism, religion, or other matters of opinion or force citizens to confess by word or act their faith therein."

Party Leaders Pull in Horns; Fear Election

WASHINGTON—Republican and Democratic leaders gathered in Washington for the special session found themselves in virtual agreement on just two scores.

There will be no further anti-labor legislation of a major type either in Congress or the state legislatures in 1948, and there will probably be no final action on the GOP's "aid-the-rich" tax program in the session beginning in January.

On the state level, it was pointed out that only eight legislatures convene next year, and the 17 states that enacted anti-labor legislation last year feel that to go farther in a national election year would be dangerous.

GETTING SCARED?

In Congress it is now admitted that the Republicans are more than a little frightened at the trend of recent elections and public opinion polls. Sen. Robert Taft (R., Ohio), congressional GOP leader, has declared that the Taft-Hartley law will remain "as is" until after the elections and party strategists have definitely turned thumbs down on any action that would alienate the nation's wage-earner vote more than it has been already.

At best the union-haters like Rep. Fred Hartley (R., N.J.) and Rep. Clare Hoffman (R., Mich.) can only hope for an amendment to the Taft-Hartley law directed specifically at the American Federation of Musicians-AFL for its ban on the making of recordings and transcriptions after January 1. Hartley will open hearings on this subject in mid-January.

LABOR TRUST ACTION

Seen as hopeless are Hartley's demands for inclusion of organized labor under the present anti-trust laws, a "right-to-work" amendment to the T-H law, and a ban on industry-wide bargaining.

Election-minded Republicans (Hartley has announced he will not run for re-election) are expected to curb Hartley's impetuosity with a flat insistence that Congress take no action whatsoever on changing the Taft-Hartley law until it has received a report of the Joint House-Senate Labor Relations Committee (the "watchdog" committee) on how the law has operated. This report is not scheduled for completion before next March.

Absent Some Time

Old Sam Russell, many years ago, did a little law work and justice-of-the-peace-ing in a small near-by town. He was a reticent man, saying little but observing much. One day a saleslady breezed into the front room of his house, which served as an office, and inquired if his wife was home. "No, she ain't home," the justice said.

"Do you mind if I wait?" the visitor asked.

"Nope, have a chair."

There followed a full hour of waiting. Then the woman asked: "Where is your wife?"

"She went out to the cemetery."

"How long do you think she will be gone?"

"Well, I don't know," said the justice deliberately, "but she's been out there 11 years now."

IS MARSHALL PLAN TO MAKE GERMANY STAGE COMEBACK?

By ISRAEL EPSTEIN

NEW YORK—Congress is set to consider the first installment of Marshall plan funds for Europe. At the same time, in London, the Big Four foreign ministers are to meet on the fate of Germany.

Actually Germany is the main issue in Washington too. Secretary of State George C. Marshall has testified before House and Senate committees that he gives high priority to restoring Germany's industrial heart, the Ruhr. Immediate grants to France and Italy are for food, fertilizers, consumers' goods, etc. Only in Germany is the first emphasis on coal and steel.

Republican Senate Leader Robert A. Taft thinks the whole Marshall program is too big. But on Germany, he is fully agreed. On November 11 he said that "the German policy of the government is even more important... than the Marshall plan." Opposing the dismantling even of military factories Taft declared that "any plant built for war purposes can certainly be converted to peace use." What Taft left unsaid was that it can just as certainly be turned back again to aggression.

EXPERIENCE IN GERMANY

American soldiers, along with those of Britain, Russia and other countries, have had to face German arms twice. France has had to do it three times. We wonder how many people stop to think that this ancient, proved enemy is being groomed again amid talk of squashing, or "containing," a former ally, Russia. We are told that the USSR is the enemy of the future, but that isn't new either. There was a lot of discussion of the "Russian Bear" before World War I and of the "Bolshevik menace" between World War I and II. But in the end the west and Russia had to fight both the Kaiser and Hitler together.

President Roosevelt never forgot his. His policy was to make sure that Germany would never again be the main industrial force (and therefore the main fighting force) in Europe. First, he wanted to purge the German militarists and industrialists who always built for war. Second, he was determined to dismantle the most dangerous German plants. There could be no security until the combined industries of countries bordering on Germany, east as well as west, grew to match or exceed those of Germany herself.

ROOSEVELT'S PURPOSE

Roosevelt's purpose was not to take revenge on the German people by starving them, or to punish them economically beyond the just need of replacing what they had smashed abroad. The late President thought that while post-war suffering in Europe lasted, it was only fair that the Germans should bear the brunt. But ultimately his plan would make all Europe more prosperous than before. That would include a Germany with no way forward except peaceful work, and no burden of armaments and war stockpiles, with pulled teeth but a full stomach.

Such a program, Roosevelt knew, was only possible through unity of the wartime allies, as sketched in the Teheran, Potsdam and Yalta agreements. He remembered, as too few do now, that Germany built

herself up after World War I defeat by trading on inter-allied differences. Then Britain wanted German revival to offset France. America's Wall Street bought heavily into German industries and retooled them to keep down British competition. America, Britain and France all thought it was all right for Germany to re-arm if it was against Russia.

THE GERMAN TACTICS

Germany's rulers, who are smart people, used all these circumstances. They offered the west help against "communism" in the intervention against Russia's revolution in 1918-22, the Locarno Treaty of 1925 and the Munich Pact of 1938. At the same time they peddled non-aggression guarantees to Russia, at a price, in the Rapallo Treaty of 1922 and the German-Soviet Pact of 1939. At home they smashed the labor movement and all peace-loving elements. And all the while they built their own Fascist alliance with Japan and Italy, to seek world power.

Today west German industry is once more being restored for "anti-red" purposes. Wall Street is back in the picture to a greater extent than ever, having pushed British competition out of the Ruhr. James F. Forrestal of Dillon, Read & Co., which helped build Germany between World Wars I and II, is now U. S. Secretary of Defense. John Foster Dulles, with the same history, helps run foreign policy. People who wanted to limit Germany, from ex-Secretary of the Treasury Henry Morgenthau Jr. down, are practically called traitors.

It doesn't look good!

Workers Thaw Out Manager

BAKERSFIELD, Calif.—The shortest strike on record here was won by the Food Tobacco Agricultural & Allied Workers against the California Cotton Compress & Warehouse Co.

Pickets arrived at 6:30 a.m. AFL construction workers began to come to work at 7 and refused to pass the lines. They and the workers built a bonfire and kept warm waiting for the plant manager. He got there at 7:55, took one look and began signing the contract, which he had refused to do previously. At 8:05 the strike was over. The workers are all either Negroes or Mexicans, the AFL workers all white.

Intl. Teamsters' Net Worth Is \$16 Million

INDIANAPOLIS—The net worth of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters at the beginning of this year was \$16,550,620.46, it was reported to the membership last week. The international reported a sharp increase in its cash and securities as a result of income of \$7,742,676.62 and disbursements of \$5,850,620.46, during the year 1946.

More than a half million new horsepower is driving ahead on other projects—hydro plants, gas lines, substations, transmission lines, etc.—an expansion of facilities that will cost a total of \$350,000,000.

The first big block of additional power is scheduled to come on the lines in the spring of 1948, from the new Kern Steam Plant near Bakersfield. This steam-electric plant, costing \$25,600,000, will generate 235,000 horsepower of electricity.

In the fall of 1948, an additional 298,000 horsepower will come from Station "P" Steam Plant at Hunters Point on San Francisco Bay. This is a \$23,700,000 construction project that will increase the plant's present generating capacity from 62,000 to 360,000 horsepower.

Elsewhere on our system the company is driving ahead on other projects—hydro plants, gas lines, substations, transmission lines, etc.—an expansion of facilities that will cost a total of \$350,000,000.

This huge construction program was started with a rush as soon as the war was over to meet and keep ahead of the growing demands for gas and electricity in Northern and Central California.

By 1951 P. G. & E.'s electric power capacity will exceed 3,500,000 horsepower and provide our customers with one of the greatest regional power pools in the Nation.

P. G. & E.
350 MILLION DOLLAR CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM—1,000,000 ADDITIONAL HORSEPOWER

Thompson Paint Co.
Wall Paper - Painters' Supplies
371 Main Street Phone 3985
Salinas, Calif.

MINICK
Transfer & Storage
W. J. Follett, Owner
Furniture and Piano Packing,
Crating and Moving a Specialty
471 ALVARADO ST.
Phone 4779 Monterey

HERBERT
Watches
Diamonds
Jewelry
Costume Jewelry
Silverware
—
Easy Credit
Terms
—
Expert Watch
Repairing
JEWELER
260 Main Street
Salinas, Calif.

MONTEREY COUNTY BANK
SINCE 1890
As YOUR Service

LOW COST
Monthly Payment
AUTO LOANS
Now is the time to start
a SAVINGS ACCOUNT
for future financial needs.

RADIOS
APPLIANCES

Guaranteed Repairs
on all makes of Radios,
Appliances - Refrigerators
PHILCO • RCA • GE
STROMBERG-CARLSON
Complete Selection of
Phonograph Records
JOHNSON RADIO
& ELECTRONIC
Service Dept., 207 Salinas St.
PHONE 6459
Sales Rooms
412 MAIN ST.
SALINAS, CALIF.

GOODFRIEND'S
Telephone 5506
Diamonds, Watches and
Silverware, Watch Repairing
218 Main St., Salinas, Cal.

JEWELERS
Leading Jewelers Since 1919
"The Store With the
Street Clock"

M. J. MURPHY, Inc.
Building Material
General Contracting
Phone Carmel 154 Phone Monterey 3191
Yard: San Carlos between Ocean and Seventh
Office: Ninth and Monte Verde
Carmel, California


Struve & Laporte
Funeral Home
All Caskets with Union Label
Friendly Service with
Proper Facilities
Telephone Salinas 6520
or Salinas 6817
41 West San Luis
At Lincoln Avenue, Salinas

For Your Furniture,
Linoleum, Stoves, See
STANDARD
FURNITURE CO.
John at California St.
Phone 4522
LIBERAL TERMS

Ride in Style and
Comfort — Call

Yellow Cab
SERVICE
Prompt and Courteous
24 hour Ambulance Service
NITE or DAY
PHONE 7337
SALINAS

Padre electrical
appliances
RADIOS
TIRES
PADRE TIRE & RADIO
238 HIGHWAY 101 SALINAS, CALIF. PHONE 3101

ECONOMY
DRUG CO.

CUT RATE DRUGS
Lowest Everyday Prices
Two Stores:
UNION DRIVE-IN MARKET
BUILDING and
238 MAIN ST., SALINAS

DEPENDABLE
MERCHANDISE
AT DEPENDABLE
PRICES
A. L. BROWN
and SON
231 MAIN ST. PHONE 7245

VALLEY
LIQUORS
A Large
Selection of
Popular
Brands
• BEER
• WINES
• LIQUORS
Phone 6369
554 E. Market SALINAS

ACME WELDING
WORKS and
AUTO & TRUCK
REPAIR SHOP
156 WILLIAMS ROAD
Ph. 4794 Chas. Upton, Prop.
MOTOR TUNE-UP
MOTOR REBUILDING
STEAM CLEANING
ALL TYPES WELDING
WHEEL BALANCING
CAR WASHING
Chevron Station - Credit Cards
Accepted
Everything to Keep Your Car
in Good Running Order

High Voltages Fatal to Many In California

SACRAMENTO — During the past two years in California, 124 men were disabled and 47 killed by coming in contact with overhead high voltage lines. All of these men could have been saved, according to the Division of Industrial Safety, if certain well-defined precautions had been taken.

Since this type of hazard may endanger the public as well as the operators of cranes, derricks, drilling rigs, pile drivers, hay stacks and similar equipment, a general appeal is being made to industry and to the public through a special booklet recently published by the Division.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS
Among other precautions advised, the Division recommends that before undertaking any operations near high voltage lines, the local office of the public utilities be contacted to have the lines de-energized, raised or rerouted.

And, finally, no equipment or tools shall be used within six feet of overhead high voltage lines. This latter prohibition was made a state law on September 19, and is now being strictly enforced.

A Subtle Opinion

Plutarch tells of a Roman, divorced from his wife, who was blamed by friends for the separation. "Was she not beautiful?" they chorused, "was she not chaste?" The Roman, holding out his shoe for them to see, asked if it were not good looking and well made. "Yet," he added, "none of you can tell where it pinches me."

RECAPPING
24-Hr. Service
• The General Tire
• The General Battery
• Battery Recharging
• Vulcanizing
• Wheel Balancing

Alisal
TIRE SERVICE
Phone 3285
647 E. Alisal Street
Salinas

VAPOR
CLEANERS
Cleaning—Pressing
Dyeing—Alterations
PHONE 5221
951 Del Monte
Monterey

SEARLE ELECTRIC CO.

Grove
Electrical Repair
Shop
SERVICE ON ALL MAKES
OF APPLIANCES
SILVERWARE & JEWELRY
ELECTROPLATING
PACIFIC GROVE
Phone 5846
211 Forest Avenue

SALINAS

Berry's
FLOWERS OF DISTINCTION
PHONE Day 4881
Nite 6842
422 Salinas St. Salinas

With Local 890 GENERAL TEAMSTERS, WAREHOUSEMEN AND HELPERS' UNION LOCAL 890 Monterey, County

Main and John Streets
Salinas, California

ATTENTION, ALL MEMBERS EMPLOYED IN THE LUMBER INDUSTRY IN MONTEREY: A contract with seven firms has been consummated, calling for wages, hours and conditions which are identical with those in the Salinas area. When you read this, copies should have been posted in the various plants. Please acquaint yourselves with them.

All members of Local 890 are reminded that the Yellow and Checker Cabs, which operate in the Salinas area, are now 100 percent union and therefore deserving of the patronage of our members.

BE SURE TO REGISTER NOW TO BE ABLE TO VOTE IN 1948.

MEMBERS AT SAM REGAS & SONS, SAN JUAN: This agreement has been signed and the wages, hours and conditions are identical with those contained in the rest of the spinach packing industries in the area. Minimum rates for women \$1.00 per hour; minimum rates for men \$1.15 per hour, guaranteed six-hour day, together with vacations, seniority and other conditions such as contained in our fresh vegetable agreements in the area.

ATTENTION, ALL PRODUCE DRIVERS: Our proposals have been properly drawn and copies have been mailed to the various Locals involved for their study. In a short time the Association will be notified and negotiations should be in progress immediately following the first of the year.

We ask all Produce Drivers to maintain their standing in the Union until transfers are requested by Local 898 upon arrival in the Southern California area.

HAVE YOU REGISTERED TO VOTE?

PROCESSED MILK PLANTS: Meetings have been held with members working at Pet Milk and Meyenburg Milk Companies in regard to a new contract. The following Shop Committee has been appointed for the Pet Milk Company: Juan Vargas, head shop steward, Albert Garcia, Sal Vargas and Sal Estada. At Meyenburg Milk Company, Bernard Sepulveda was elected shop steward. Bulletin boards have been posted at these plants and copies of the present agreement are on that board with a letter of instructions to all members.

Letters have been sent to Mr. Meyers at Pet Milk and Mr. Beaton at Meyenburg Milk Company as to the actions taken at the meeting regarding the shop stewards.

IF YOU HAVE NOT REGISTERED TO VOTE, DO IT NOW.

IMPORTANT, ALL MEMBERS: Whenever you are out of a job, please contact the Union office for new assignments. Your Union has a list of all types of jobs and if you are a Bakery Driver, or a Milk Driver, we would like to list your name in the category in which you are capable.

As you pay your dues, you will be asked whether or not you are registered to vote. If you are not, you can register at the Union Office when paying your dues. Our constitution and by-laws make it compulsory that all members of this Union become registered voters or file their intentions to become one. From time to time a check will be made with regards to this matter.

We also ask that all of our members maintain their good standing with the Union. Pay your dues at the office of the Union or mail them in before the 15th of the month. Your insurance will avail you nothing if you do not maintain your dues and keep your good standing in the Local Union. Do not depend on a business agent calling at your plant to collect your dues. If in Salinas, pay your dues at the Union Office at Main and John Streets—if in Monterey, at 315 Alvarado on Saturdays and Mondays. REMEMBER TO PATRONIZE ONLY UNION SERVICES.

MOST IMPORTANT YOU REGISTER NOW SO THAT YOU MAY BE ABLE TO VOTE IN THE COMING ELECTION.

VETERANS' AFFAIRS
The job training program in California for World War II veterans under the G.I. Bill has passed its peak under present laws and conditions, Veterans Administration reported today.

The peak was reached in November of last year when 34,628 veterans were training on-the-job. Steady monthly decreases since then cut the total to 23,213 by last Oct. 31.

VA said the principal factors in the decline were the ceilings on income plus subsistence allowance and the two-year limits on all job-training (other than apprenticeship training) imposed in August, 1946. The income ceilings provide that

earned income plus subsistence shall not exceed \$175 a month for a veteran without dependents and \$200 a month for a veteran with dependents.

A number of veterans were dropped from training when the two-year limitations were imposed because they had already completed the maximum training allowed. Additional discontinuances resulted as other job-training programs reached the two-year limit.

OVERSEAS STUDY

World War II veterans deciding to study overseas may be able to qualify for benefits under the Fulbright Act and the GI Bill at the same time, Veterans Administration ruled today.

The ruling held that payment of education and training benefits under the GI Bill may be made to student-veterans regardless of any grants made them under the Fulbright Act, since the funds used to administer the Fulbright Act by the Department of State were not secured from United States Government appropriations.

As a result, World War II veterans qualifying for foreign study under both laws may receive benefits allowed them under the Fulbright Act as supplemental to the benefits provided them by the GI Bill, VA said.

Under the Servicemen's Readjustment Act (GI Bill), World War II veterans may study in a VA approved foreign educational institution under the same provisions that apply to study in college or university in the United States. VA will pay customary tuition charges and fees, provide the books and equipment needed to complete the course satisfactorily, and pay monthly subsistence allowances of \$65 to veterans without dependents or \$90 to veterans with dependents. The veterans must arrange for their own passports, visas, transportation overseas, and admission to the institution they select.

NLRB MOVES TO VOID REBELS' POLLING RIGHTS

WASHINGTON — Secret ballot elections ordered by the NLRB prior to the Aug. 22 effective date of the Taft-Hartley labor act were revoked in line with the new policy of barring the board's services to CIO and AFL unions that have not complied with the non-communist affidavit provision of the law.

The NLRB action halted representation balloting for the following unions:
United Steelworkers at Sandy Hill Iron & Brass Works, Hudson Falls, N.Y., covering 465 workers.
United Shoe Workers, at Jefferson City, Mo., plant of the International Shoe Co., 300 workers.

International Fur & Leather Workers at Palmer Packing Co., Morgan City, La., 65 workers.

United Construction Workers, affiliated with the United Mine Workers, at Pembroke Limestone Corp., Pembroke, Va., 80 workers; and at Western Kentucky Gas Co., Owensboro, Ky., 40 workers.

In addition, the NLRB dismissed petitions of five non-complying unions seeking elections. These unions were the United Furniture Workers, United Steelworkers, International Union of Mine Mill & Smelter Workers, United Office & Professional Workers, United Packinghouse Workers and the United Construction Workers.

Retail Food Costs Up 40 Per Cent In Year, Reported

WASHINGTON — Retail food prices were 40 per cent above the level of June, 1946—last days of OPA control—when Bureau of Labor Statistics figures for mid-September of this year were added up, BLS announced November 14.

Covering foods bought by middle-income families in 18 large cities, the BLS survey reported retail food prices had zoomed over the 200 per cent mark in relation to the prewar base period of 1935-1939—standing at 203.3. The August-September spurt was 3.6 per cent in one month, with price rises on meat, dairy products and eggs chiefly responsible.

Steady Future For Printers Is Predicted

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Many thousands of job openings in printing trades may be expected during the next few years, according to a study released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

Apprenticeship opportunities will be available to a larger number of young men than usual. The long-run trend in employment in most printing occupations is upward.

GOOD JOB TENURE

Workers already employed or who enter now while prospects are good are, therefore, likely to be able to hold their jobs.

This report is based on original research financed, in part by the Veterans Administration. It was prepared by the Bureau's Occupational Outlook Service as an aid in helping young people and veterans to make a choice of an occupation. It contains a detailed analysis of the employment situation in the individual printing occupations.

OUTLOOK ENCOURAGING

In general, the report suggests an encouraging employment outlook. Before the war about one out of every ten skilled and semi-skilled printing workers was employed. This situation changed rapidly during the war, however, with the drain of manpower into the armed services and war industries and the lack of young apprentices.

By the end of World War II there was a serious labor shortage. Since V-J Day, former employees have been rehired and a considerable number of new trainees taken on.

Printing and publishing industries are expected to expand further during the next few years, assuming a continuing high level of business activity. Most openings will probably be in the big newspaper, periodical and book and job industries.


Protest Use of Coolie Labor in N. Caledonia

NOUMEA—French colonial authorities here have asked Gen. Douglas MacArthur to send 5,000 Japanese coolie laborers to work in New Caledonia nickel mines. The French authorities want the workers sent over under the pre-war contract system, which tied the workers to their jobs at starvation wages. Opposition to the move is expected from Australia and New Zealand, neighbors of the French colony.

NATURALIZER SHOES
FOR WOMEN
ROBLEE AND ARCH
PRESERVER SHOES
FOR MEN
BUSTER BROWN and
LITTLE YANKEE
SHOES
FOR CHILDREN
The
RELIABLE
Shoes - Bags - Hosiery
262 Main St. Ph. 3595

MONTEREY
ECONOMY
DRUG CO.
434 ALVARADO
MONTEREY
CALIFORNIA

Watson & Dow
Phone 3348
Prescriptions
a Specialty
ORDWAY
PHARMACY
398 ALVARADO ST.
MONTEREY, CALIF.

Exquisite Jewelry
FOR HER FOR HIM

A. R. Bergquist
State Theatre Bldg. Ph. 6392
421 Alvarado St., Monterey

CARPENTER ROUNDUP

ATTENTION, ALL MEMBERS OF LOCAL 925:

It is important that all carpenters of Salinas Local 925 keep the union office advised of correct addresses at all time. Frequently, members move from the address listed in the union office. Then when the union wants to contact these members, for one reason or another, it is impossible.

Please keep the union office posted of your correct address at all times. If you do not know if the union has the right address, why not call the office at once to make sure?

Excavation for the building to house the Salinas Californian is well under way, as is excavation for the new Woolworth building. Both jobs will call for carpenters shortly.

At the Penney job and the Sears store project, the floors are almost completed and erection of side walls is starting.

There is a report current that Salinas that the Santa Lucia Inn may expand to a capacity of 200 rooms over a period of time. Such a project would call for numerous carpenters.

Carpenters, bricklayers and laborers are busy on Toro Peak erecting the new radio transmitter there.

Local 925 still is waiting for that meeting with the Citizens Association.

Report Growing Roster of 300 Per Cent Firms

NEW YORK—The roster of 300 percenters — corporations which have increased their profits 300% or more over last year—continued to grow as quarterly financial statements were made public here. Prominent on the list was the Chrysler Corp., which announced a profit take of \$47,873,089 for the first nine months of this year compared to \$10,292,645 in the same period last year.

Western Union Telegraph Co. did even better, converting last year's \$10,420,174 deficit into a tidy \$7,577,395 profit.

The Moore-McCormack Lines, Inc., a shipping company, was not too far behind with an increase from \$2,610,237 to \$7,134,986.

See us about your Washing Machine.
IF WE CAN'T SELL YOU
A NEW ONE
WE CAN FIX YOUR
OLD ONE

ACCREDITED
Maytag
SERVICE
ONLINE PARTS
PARTS USED
Factory-Trained
Repairmen
PARTS FOR MOST MAKES
DUNN & ALEXANDER
SALINAS VALLEY
APPLIANCE CO.
248 JOHN ST. PHONE 4846

THE CINNABAR
296 ALVARADO STREET
Monterey, Calif.
South of the Border Entertainment and Foods
PHONE 9622

RICHEY'S HAT WORKS
LADIES' AND GENTS' HATS
CLEANED AND BLOCKED
211 East Alisal St. Salinas, Calif.

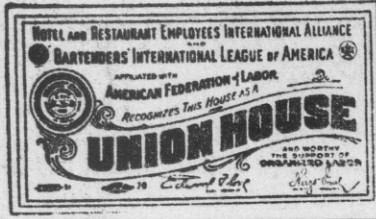
BUTLER'S
FROSTY FOOD CENTER
426 Salinas St. Salinas Phone 6519

LEO'S FOOD MART
Established 1937
FRESH MEATS - GROCERIES - FRUITS - VEGETABLES
WINES - BEERS FREE DELIVERY
118 CENTRAL AVE. PHONE 3488 SALINAS, CALIF.

SALINAS LIQUOR STORE
LIQUORS — WINES — BEER
356 Main Street, Salinas Phone 3482

Telephone 3710 Res. Phone 3263
HICKS LUMBER COMPANY
East Market and Merced Salinas, Calif.

LOCAL 483 REPORTS



HOTEL AND RESTAURANT
EMPLOYEES & BARTENDERS
ALLIANCE 483
MONTEREY, CALIFORNIA

The executive board meeting on November 17, decided to present recommendations concerning items of current interest to the membership meetings in the future, in the hope that such recommendations will stimulate discussion from the floor. The plan was placed into effect at the general meeting of the same date, and apparently is going to be a real aid to general discussion.

In addition, the Executive Board voted unanimously to present Sister Penny Caldwell with a gold waitress pin in recognition of her fine job of selling tickets to the recent dance. The runner-up in the sales contest, Willie McKenzie of the Casa staff, will also be presented with a gold pin.

The presentation will be made at the next meeting, Monday, December 1, at 2:30 p.m. Let's all turn out for the meeting and give these winners a good hand for their hard work.

The California Wine Institute representative, Jack Paslaqua, will be present at the December 1st meeting to show movies prepared by his organization. The picture is brief, but of great interest to all waiters, waitresses and bartenders who sell and serve wine.

At the regular meeting, nominations were opened for Trustees to serve out the unexpired terms of two members who have missed more than three Executive Board meetings, thereby having forfeited their office, according to the constitution. Roy Brewer, bartender from the San Carlos; Tommy Nowell, from the El Nido; and Carl Puhl from Mission Inn were nominated for the vacancies. Nominations will again be opened at the next meeting, and the vote will be taken at a subsequent date.

There was considerable discussion concerning administration of the new Welfare Fund. It was tentatively decided to use the money for aid to sick or disabled members only, and the decision regarding the amount of help to be given will be made by the Executive Board. Checks will be drawn by the temporary custodians of the fund, Harvey Rose and George Rice.

A motion was made, seconded and carried to send Bro. Frank Hagen, a long-time patient at the County Hospital at Salinas, a check for \$25 from our Welfare Fund.

A motion was made, seconded and carried to assess each member a 50-cent fine for non-attendance of one meeting per month, the fines so collected to be placed in

the Welfare Fund and not in the General Fund. (This motion will be brought up for further discussion at the next regular meeting.)

A motion was made, seconded and carried that the union have a pre-Christmas party at the Union Hall on Sunday evening, December 14, and that the party be for members and their families and guests only. A committee to arrange the party will be appointed at the next regular meeting. Following the above discussion, the meeting was adjourned, and refreshments were served.

Word was received this week of the sudden death of Sister Grace Turnbull Jennings, who was killed in an auto crash at Malibu Beach on November 17. Grace joined Local 483 on November 7, 1945, when she was employed at the Rainbow Cafe. She later went to work for Del Monte Lodge, where she was employed at the time of her tragic death. She remained in good standing with the local during all the time of her membership, so her heirs are entitled to the full death benefit payment.

The assessment from Local 483 will be collected with the December dues, and the total remitted to her estate. According to Herb Seimsen, manager of the Del Monte Lodge, burial will be at Canyon City, Colorado, Grace's girlhood home. Local 483 will, of course, send flowers and an expression of sympathy to the family.

And now for an important note to everyone. The membership, at the recent regular meeting, brought up the subject of our present contracts and wage scales, in relation to the current high cost of living. This subject is so very important to all of us that no action was taken immediately. However, it was decided to call a special meeting for Wednesday evening, December 3, 1947, at which time the subject will be brought up for general discussion and action. The results of this meeting can well affect the working conditions and wages of all of us, so don't fail to attend and voice your opinion on the floor of the meeting hall.

Many members have mentioned that they frequently overhear conversations relating to the business of the union being carried on in public places. And very often, while making my rounds of the various houses under contract, I am approached by members who have criticism or comments concerning union business to offer, occasionally in the presence of customers of the house or the proprietors of the establishment.

The primary reason for maintaining a union hall is to have at all times a private place in which to discuss our union business. So please bring your troubles to the union hall, and let's discuss the situation in a businesslike manner in our own place of business—our union office.

GEORGE L. RICE,
Secretary.

Gone to His Reward

An old English charwoman, whose pride in her soldier son was very great, appeared one morning and, with deep emotion, announced to her co-workers that her boy was dead.

"How do you know?" she was asked. "Did you hear from the War Office?"

"No," was the reply. "I heard from my boy himself."

"From the boy himself?" her astonished friends exclaimed. "How on earth could you do that?"

"Here's the letter," she sobbed, taking a crumpled sheet from her pocketbook. "It says, 'Dear Mother: I am mnow in the Holy Land.'"

To Lick Tories Labor Has Got To Fight Hard

By STETSON KENNEDY

All branches of organized labor have been talking about putting out of Congress the men who are responsible for the Taft-Hartley slave labor law, high prices, no houses, spare-the-rich taxes, etc.

In convention assembled, the AFL, CIO, Railroad Brotherhoods and independents have all pledged themselves to purge Congress of these agents of Wall Street in the election next year.

TAKES MORE THAN WORDS But it takes a lot more than words to take bad men out of Congress and put good ones in. You can't win elections like you can a card game, with pure luck. Victory at the polls takes planning, working and spending. The stakes are high and labor has got to get in the game to win. And the time is right now. Labor's enemies never sleep.

Labor lost in '44 because it was too busy producing the weapons of war to take time off to vote. That year only 57 per cent of the potential voters went to the polls in the free-voting states, and in the polltax states only 19 per cent voted. Those figures have got to be jacked way up in '48—and it's up to the unions to do the job.

LABOR HOLIDAY The idea of making election day a holiday, with or without the bosses' consent, is a great one. But besides getting out its own vote, labor must do all it can to encourage informed voting by all working people.

POLL TAX, WHITE PRIMARY As labor well knows, the vested interests have been running Congress and the country pretty much to suit themselves in the last few years. This is accomplished by a bipartisan coalition of the congressional henchmen of these interests.

In the south, these guys are kept in office by the polltax and white primary. Some 18 Claghorns have thus "served" for over 20 years. The turnover among congressmen in free-voting states has been 70 per cent greater than in the deep south. These southern birds literally rule the Washington roost. By virtue of their seniority they have garnered three times their share of House committees and twice their share in the Senate.

Labor would therefore do well to back in a big way the Natl. Committee to Abolish the Polltax (127 B St. SE, Washington, D.C.) to clear the path to the polls.

Kentucky Labor Opens Store to Sell at Cost

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—A union-incorporated grocery store to bring food at cost to 8000 to 9000 families will be opened here by two AFL unions.

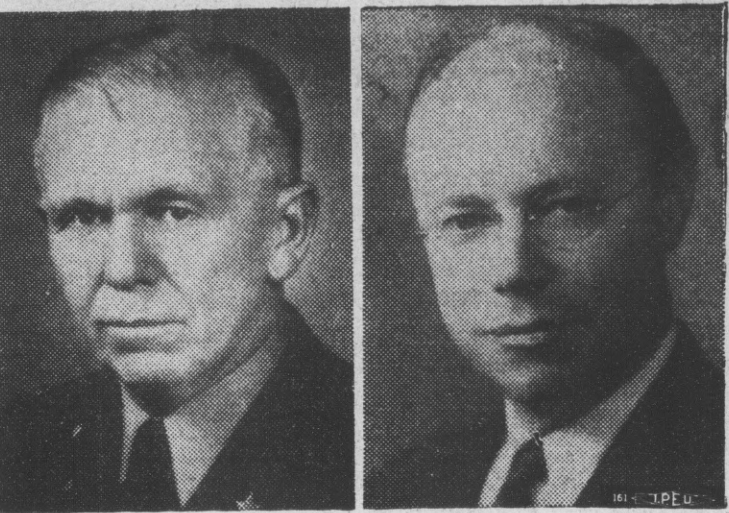
The enterprise, sponsored by the United Aluminum Tin & Foil Workers and the Metal Polishers Intl. Union, will not be run as a co-operative but as an incorporated store subject to taxes. It was hoped this would save it from the fate of a Lexington, Ky., co-op, which folded because wholesalers refused to do business with it.

With or Without



Barbara Jo Walker, Miss America 1947, looks as well with clothes on as she does in a bathing suit. In case you're actually looking at the dress—it's a cotton taffeta "everglaze" affair that "weaves magic into ordinary cotton materials," according to the publicity blurb.

SHOT IN ARM, OR HANDOUT?



Secretary of State George Marshall (left) and GOP White House hopeful Senator Robert A. Taft (R., Ohio) differ sharply on how much aid should be sent to Europe from the U.S. in coming months. Marshall has asked Congress to approve a \$597,000,000 immediate stop-gap program, which Taft says is too much. In addition, the "Marshall Plan" for European self-help, involving \$7½ billion over 15 months, is opposed by Taft who instead wants to "economize" by providing "aid to western Europe in reasonable amounts."

\$9.60 WEEKLY GUARANTEED

Congress would have been ridiculed back in 1938 if it had passed a law which would eventually guarantee a minimum wage of \$9.60.

Yet the minimum wage law passed in 1938 does exactly that in terms of today's purchasing power.

Here's how it works:

The law sets a minimum wage of 40 cents an hour. Today 40 cents will buy only as much as 24 cents bought back in 1939. So the \$16 guaranteed wage actually has shrunk to \$9.60.

That should explain why labor so strongly favors increasing the minimum wage to 75 cents an hour.

The minimum would have to be boosted to 66 cents an hour for us to keep abreast of 1939 conditions, which weren't too good.

We believe 75 would be most reasonable—especially in view of the fat profits industry is piling up.

State Dept. Prates of Freedom As American Imperialists Help Smash Unions in Latin America

By "OBSERVER"

Our State Department is very quick to protest against certain types of totalitarianism abroad and insists on spending tens of billions of American tax money to keep it from spreading. Right under its nose, however—just 90 minutes flying time from Florida—a government is going the Taft-Hartley-ites one better. It is deliberately trying to destroy the labor movement. That government is Cuba. American sugar monopolists who control about half of the sugar crop in Cuba are egging the Cuban government on.

Right on the eve of a scheduled meeting of representatives of sugar workers to form a strong hemisphere federation of unions in the sugar industry to improve wage scales, the Cuban government struck. Some 500 trade union leaders were thrown into jail and held for three days. Meantime all union headquarters were raided, funds and other properties seized and turned over to new "leaders" approved by the government. This is mailed-fist fascism, pure and simple—the kind of thing that went on all over Germany and Italy in the palmy days of Adolf and Benito.

These events in Cuba followed shortly after the government in Chile broke the miners' strike with wholesale jailings, shootings, beatings and evictions, with United States business and diplomatic representatives looking on with grinning approval.

All this is a manifestation of fascism, and it is all related to American imperialism. It is beginning to crop up everywhere in Latin and Central America where American corporate interests have heavy investments and interests in oil, nitrates, sugar, bananas, coffee and what-not.

And our State Department, posing as the champion of freedom for all the world, mutters never a word of protest as the jailings, head-cracking and union-smashing gather momentum. Freedom—it's wonderful!

Profits (Reports) Scare Publishers

NEW YORK—Industry can make 'em, but newspapers had better be careful how they report those record profits, they were warned here by the news publishers' Bible, Editor & Publisher.

Concerned lest straight reporting of new all-time high profits "inadvertently aid grist to the mill of left-wing critics of our profit system," E & P warned:

"Financial stories often play up record dividend or net profit figures without picturing them in relation to total sales, total payroll, or any other figure that might portray them in their true perspective. Thus a public misconception of exorbitant profits is created with its resultant criticism of the profit system."

Newspaper editors were therefore urged to help "educate the public" by "clarifying" their financial stories.

Which means the figures will still be there, you'll just have to look harder to find them.

"HMPH, THESE FOREIGNERS — MY ANCESTORS CAME OVER ON THE MAYFLOW"



Courtesy Institute for American Democracy, Inc.

INVESTORS SHOW HOW TO GET RICH

WASHINGTON—A true story of American financing and how fortunes are made overnight furnishes fine escape reading for the mine-run citizen who worries about the grocery bill and wonders whether he'll meet next month's rent.

Such a story was released by the Federal Securities & Exchange Commission. It deals with the sale by Uncle Sam of his war-built "Big" and "Little Inch Pipelines" which carried petroleum from Texas to the ports of the eastern seaboard.

Last January a group of 28 investors formed the Texas Eastern Transmission Corp. by putting up \$150,000 for 150,000 shares of stock at Houston, Tex. The company had an authorized capital of 250,000 of the dollar shares, but only 150,000 were sold. These shares went to a group of 17 investors in New York, Washington, D.C., Texas and Louisiana, as well as to 11 associates in the Wall Street investment house of Dillon Read & Co., Inc.

The Washington investor was Atty. J. Ross Gamble, 38, a specialist in natural gas law, who got up \$2500 for 2500 shares in Texas Eastern before it purchased the two pipelines at a bid of \$143,127,000.

On November 7, the 150,000 original shares were reclassified with the federal agency's approval on the basis of seven shares for one, into 1,050,000 shares of new stock worth a cool \$9,975,000 on the basis of a public sale price of \$9.50 per share.

Gamble is the only holder to offer shares for sale at the public offering. His 2500 shares became 17,500 shares overnight and he plans to sell 14,000 of them for a tidy \$133,000 less taxes and commissions, while keeping 3500 shares himself. His net on the deal will run around \$119,000, that he can bank and still retain shares worth \$33,250. All that for letting go of \$2500 for 11 months.

Says U. S. Heads Toward Fascism

The United States is marching toward "an American brand of fascism" unless people's movements are quickly alerted, Dr. Morris Mitchell, executive secretary of the Southeastern Cooperative League, charged at a co-op meeting in Superior, Wis.

"The American brand is a combination of large business, the state department, and the military," he declared.

"The awful part of it is that this situation is an involuntary outgrowth of our economic progress. Most business leaders are human beings like you and me, caught in an uncontrollable web that has been in the making since the beginning of the Industrial Revolution."

IF YOU DON'T WEAKEN —

Pressure from chick-producers finally forced Washington to end "chickenless Thursdays."

Wonder why pressure from the people can't force Washington to bring meat prices down and eliminate "meatless most-days."

The Russians say the "secret of the atomic bomb" is no longer a secret. U.S. Army officials think that's hokum and say its "sounds like somebody is having a pipe dream."

The neighborhood barber says he'd just as soon wait a couple of hundred years to find out who's right.

Wonderful actors, some congressmen.

The Senate war investigating committee, after two years, finally stumbled over an army procurement officer who picked up a little dough "on the side" during the war.

And the good senators actually looked startled at the idea!

The NAM has decided something has to be done about those oversized profits.

Reduce them? Heavens, no! They're working out a new book-keeping system that makes a \$10 million profit look like a "mere 5c on the dollar."

Italian Gas Workers Strike for Pay Hike

ROME—A nationwide strike of gas workers to force consideration of their wage demands occurred here. The strike is being applied progressively, starting in Rome and becoming effective gradually in other key cities.

While Rome was without gas as a result of the walkout, the workers in Milan remained at the gas-works and power stations, supplying the city with free gas and electricity.

Company spokesmen, who usually decry strikes on the grounds that they are against the public interest, were even more incensed about the situation in Milan, where the public was not affected adversely, than about Rome. The action of the Milan workers, company spokesmen charged, is "sabotage."

TAXI

Phone DAY AND Phone NIGHT

5784 9291

ACE CAB CITY CAB

Phone 5707

HOME OWNED OPERATED

TEXHOMA CAB CO

STANDS IN SALINAS AND EAST ALISAL

Featuring Nationally Advertised

The Fashion

Women's Wear

318 MAIN ST., SALINAS

OLD PLANTATION

RESTAURANT

COMPLETE LUNCHES from 75c

DINNERS from \$1.00

JOHN & PAJARO SALINAS PHONE 4518

Buy U. S. Bonds and Stamps

DR. GENE R. FULLER

OPTOMETRIST

TELEPHONE 6201 541 SO. MAIN ST., SALINAS

Sell

LEIDIG'S

LIQUOR

—

BEER

—

WINE

—

GROCERIES

—

FRUIT and VEGETABLES

Thousands Of Satisfied Patrons Throughout Our Surrounding Communities

Special herb prepared for each ailment

CHINA HERB CO

Cor. JOHN & PAJARO ST. PHONE 3742 — SALINAS

• Shelf and Heavy Hardware • Sporting Goods • Yale Hardware • China and Glassware • Sherwin-Williams Paints

Messick Hardware

Phone 8084 247 Main St. Salinas, Calif.

SALINAS DRESSED BEEF CO., Inc.

Wholesale Butchers

Telephone 4854 P.O. Box 47 Salinas, Calif.

PEP'S

Catering Ice Cream

(Overloaded with Cream)

Served at Our Fountains

Machine packed to take home

QUARTS 50c PINTS 30c

Pep Creamery

Watsonville Santa Cruz Salinas Monterey

CORRAL DE TERRA

SHELL SERVICE STATION

OPERATED BY JIM PORTER PHONE SALINAS 5087

On Monterey Highway, 8 miles from Salinas.

Square Deal Lumber Co.

ROOFING - SASH - DOORS - PAINTS - HARDWARE

Abbott Street on L. A. Highway

Phone 7363 P. O. Box 548 Salinas, California

RUBEN REITZ

PHONE 6443

Tasty Food Store

Where "Smiling Service" Welcomes you and a parking space awaits you—South Main & John—Salinas

Save

KROUGH'S THRIFTY DRUGS



Dial 3951
633 E. Alisal St.
Salinas, Calif.

For Modern, High Quality
PLUMBING & HEATING
APPLIANCES
COME TO

LARSEN'S Plumbing & Heating Appliances

Guaranteed, Quick Repairs
On All Makes
PHONE 5574
652 E. ALISAL STREET

High Class Merchandise at LOW PRICES

"WE CARRY A LARGE SELECTION OF MODERN ITEMS"

Majestic Furniture Co.

"The Store of Friendly Credit"
EARL D. ALBERTSON, Owner

Phone 9170

656-658 E. Alisal Street Salinas, Calif.